

DISCOVER the NATIVE SHRUBS of PALM BEACH COUNTY



WILD COFFEE

(*Psychotria nervosa*) Evergreen shrub typically 4'-10' tall and 4'-8' wide. Glossy dark green leaves are puckered with deeply etched veins on upper surfaces. Small white flowers followed by bright red fruit that resemble the true coffee bean. Fruit attracts birds.



MARLBERRY

(*Ardisia escallonioides*) Evergreen shrub can grow to 12' to 20' high and 6' to 12' wide. Dark green, semi-glossy leaves. White fragrant flowers in 5" clusters. Fruit ripens to a dark purple. Often occurs naturally with sabal palms and stoppers.



BEAUTYBERRY

(*Callicarpa americana*) Open, rounded deciduous shrub typically 5'-8' tall and wide. Coarse, fuzzy, light green leaves. Showy purple berry-like fruits clustered in balls around stems provide food for birds when few other native plants are in fruit. Nectar plant for butterflies.

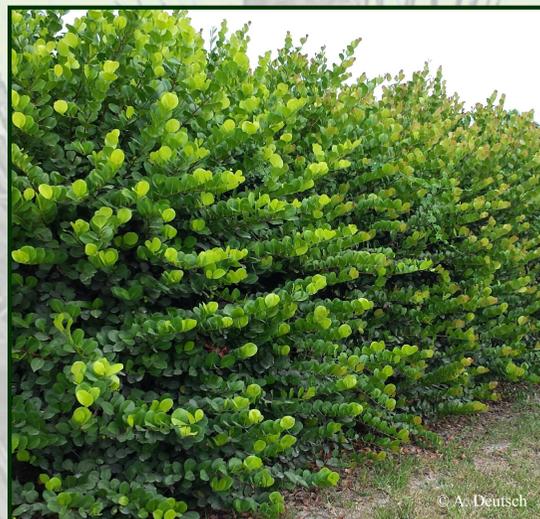
Some other native shrubs:

- Blackbead*
- Elderberry*
- Jamaican Caper*
- Myrsine*
- Snowberry*



SIMPSON'S STOPPER

(*Myrcianthes fragrans*) An attractive, hardy shrub or small tree that can grow to 10-20 feet in height. Small dark green leaves are aromatic when crushed. Clusters of fragrant white flowers followed by orange to red berries appear throughout the year, peaking in spring and summer. Provides food and cover for wildlife. Attracts birds and butterflies.



COCOPLUM

(*Chrysobalanus icaco*) Evergreen shrub or small tree that can be 20' tall. New leaves may be red or coppery pink; older leaves are thick, leathery and dark green. Edible fruits ripen from pinkish-yellow to dark purple. Food source for many wildlife species, including the threatened gopher tortoise.



SAW PALMETTO

(*Serenoa repens*) Low-growing (6'-10'), spreading palm with large green or silvery-blue fan-shaped leaves and multiple trunks. Creates a dense ground cover. Fruits are an important food source for over 200 species of birds and mammals.

NOTE: Fruits and flowers shown may not be to scale.